FEASIBILITY REPORT AND ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

WILMINGTON HARBOR NAVIGATION IMPROVEMENTS Appendix F - Cost Engineering



June 2014



US Army Corps of Engineers

Wilmington District

Appendix F

Cost Engineering

1. The Cost Engineering Appendix of project costs were prepared to describe the Current Working Estimate (CWE) for the National Economic Development (NED) Plan for the WHIP Study Report.

The NED Plan improvement for WHIP is the widening of Battery Island Turn (BIT) at the intersection where Battery Island Channel (44ft design depth) and Lower Swash Channel (42ft design depth) meet. BIT is located approximately 3 miles upstream from the mouth of Cape Fear River and 14 miles from the Ocean Dredged Material Disposal Site (ODMDS).

Widening of the BIT channels will improve movement and passing time without assistance of tugs thru this turn area. Construction-dredging will be for removal of approximately 500,000 cy of material and disposal into the ODMDS. Currently, less than 1% of the material to be removed is assumed to be rock based on current investigations; but, final geotechnical investigations must confirm final rock quantities and location of rock. Design depths where rock is located will need to be dredged to +1 ft more for rock areas and then provide for 2ft of allowable over depth for dredging. The design depth plus the additional 3 ft would result in potential depths of 47ft (44+3) and 45ft (42+3) for the two channel lengths.

2. Other navigation improvement alternatives were evaluated during the study based on navigation needs to improve (1) turning times in the Anchorage Basin and (2) O&M dredging of Baldhead Shoal Channel, Reach 1, Stations 0+00 to 45+00. These alternatives were to widen the turning radius at the <u>Anchorage Basin (Turning Basin</u>) and a channel alignment shift, of the westward channel toe, along Baldhead Shoal Channel Reach 1.

--Increasing the turning radius of the <u>Anchorage Basin/Turning Basin</u> was determined not to be economically effective. Rough order of magnitude costs, \$38 million, for this alternative were used to screen this alternative based on costs from historical project costs of deepening nearby areas of the Wilmington Harbor.

--Moving <u>Baldhead Shoal Channel, Reach 1</u>, westward toe alignment approximately 100 to 130 feet, will be a reduction (one time) of approximately 181,000 cy of maintenance material to be dredged or approximately \$2.4 million savings. Additionally, the channel will be farther away from Bald Head Island than the original alignment before the 2001 channel location. After the realignment, annual sediment shoaling quantities of the channel will not change and therefore O&M dredging volumes will not change based on this westward shift. Rough order of magnitude costs for this one time change were based on historical costs for O&M dredging with placement on the beach of about 55,600 cubic yards and a one time hopper dredging of about 125,400 cubic yards of unsuitable material in the westward toe with disposal into the ODMDS.

3. Battery Island Turn (BIT) Improvements

The following channel improvements are based on a combination of EM guidance, previous ship simulations and input from ship pilots. The EM guidance suggests a channel width requirement of at least 720 feet due to the large deflection angles and small radius at this turn.

Ship simulations, done in the 1990's indicate that the passage around Battery Island (Lower Swash thru Southport channels) required an average channel width of about 750 feet along 8,000 feet of channel. Currently, Lower Swash channel is 400 foot wide, Battery Island channel is 500 feet wide and Southport channel is 500 feet wide. An existing cutoff at Lower Swash/Battery Island widens the channel to about 700 feet wide along the apex of the turn.

The following improvements are proposed (Figure 7-green alignment of Main Report): (1) Battery Island channel is widened to 750 feet; (2) A 750 foot wide by about 1,300 foot long cutoff provided between Battery Island and Lower Swash channels; (3) additional tapers are provided where Southport and Lower Swash channels join the widened Battery Island channel. These geometric changes increase the available turning radius from about 2,850 feet to about 3,900 feet; a 37% increase.

The improvements will require removal of approximately 500,000 cy of material by dredging and disposal to the ODMDS approximately 14 miles one way from BIT.



Figure 7. Proposed improvements Battery Island Turn

4. The TOTAL CURRENT WORKING ESTIMATE (CWE) for NED Initial Construction of BIT is \$11,045,000 October 2013 pricing (\$14,420,000 with 30.5% contingency). The PROJECT FIRST COST, October 2014, is \$14,800,000 with contingency. Construction will take 5 months for approximately 500,000 cy and includes structural inventory surveys of buildings and/or structures which may be effected by blasting or vibration from the dredging activity.

There are no environmental calendar restrictions for pipeline cutterhead dredging in the Battery Island, Lower Swash, and Southport Channel navigation channels with disposal into the ODMDS. Work can be performed year round with pipeline cutterhead dredge and the construction schedule assumes dredging will take place with August 2019 midpoint. The CWE for Construction fully funded to midpoint of construction August 2019 is \$12,451,000 (\$16,256,000 with 30.5% contingency).

5. Baseline most likely CWE, October 2013, is shown in the attached MCACES (Microcomputer Aided Cost Engineering System) MII V4.2 summary sheets. The PROJECT FIRST COST, October 2014, is \$14,800,000 with contingency. The summary sheets are formatted into a Code of Accounts framework for reporting. The costs included under each Code of Accounts are described below.

The Cost Estimates were prepared under guidance given in the Corps of Engineers Regulation ER 1110-2-1302, CIVIL WORKS COST ENGINEERING; ER 1110-1-300, Cost Engineering Policy and General Requirements; and ETL 1110-2-573 Construction Cost Estimating Guide for Civil Works.

6. CODE OF ACCOUNTS

CODE OF ACCOUNT 12 – NAVIGATION, PORTS, & HARBORS: This account includes project costs for mobilization and demobilization, dredging, structural inventory & monitoring surveys during construction, and disposal of dredged material in the ODMDS.

Emphasis was placed on accuracy of dredging costs during evaluation of alternative plans to develop the NED Plan. The location and features, as well as historical production of dredges for similar projects, were used in conjunction with the Corps of Engineers Dredge Estimating Program (CEDEP).

CEDEP considers details of dredge area characteristics, depth of dredging, effective production time, haul distances to ODMDS, costs of dredge plant ownership, operating and repair, fuel consumption/prices, and other economic adjustments for labor and equipment at OCT 2013 price levels.

It was assumed that a large pipeline cutterhead dredge would be used along with a spider barge to fill dump scows and then haul material by tugs for disposal to the ODMDS. The average travel distance 1-way to the ODMDS from BIT is approximately 14 miles. Other methods of dredging would be contractually allowed but pipeline cutterhead appears to be the most economical method. Structural inventory of nearby buildings and/or disposal areas will be required as necessary for vibration monitoring and have been included in the cost estimate.

The initial construction time for placement of project is estimated to be 1.5 months.

Additional time for structural inventory, mob/demob and set up added to the dredging time would be approximately 60 days. Demobilization is estimated at another 15-30 days or a total construction period of 5 months.

Although a pipeline cutterhead dredge was used for this estimate, the solicitation for construction will not limit the type of equipment to construct the project. Hopper dredges are limited to dredging during the period of DEC 1 thru MAR 31 and any blasting of rock would be limited to the period AUG 1 thru JAN 31.

A contingency of 30.5% was included to represent unanticipated conditions and uncertainties not known at the time the estimate was developed. There is a better than average level of confidence in the dredge pricing, because of the preliminary geotechnical investigations of BIT and

similarities of other new work dredging and the historical costs for similar projects. A contingency of 30.5% was developed using the Abbreviated Cost Risk Analysis tools recommended by the Mandatory Cost Center of Expertise in Walla Walla, Washington.

O&M Dredging – The O&M dredge cost estimates, for Battery Island maintenance dredging, were based on recent solicitations and CEDEP estimates of approximately \$6.25/cy (\$7.50/cy with 20% contingency) using a medium hopper dredge with disposal to the ODMDS. The Battery Island O&M dredging would occur when using a hopper dredge for removal of maintenance material in the Wilmington Harbor outer ocean bar, Reach 3.

The existing average O&M shoaling rate for the Battery Island segment of the channel is 12,000 cubic yards per year with a dredge cycle every two years or 24,000 cy. The two years after the widening, an additional 6,000 cubic yards (3,000 cy/year) is anticipated or a total of 30,000 cy to be dredged. Then the shoaling is expected to return to the average shoaling rate of 24,000 cy per cycle.

CODE OF ACCOUNT 30 – PLANNING, ENGINEERING AND DESIGN: The costs included in this account were furnished by those responsible for performing each activity. This account includes plans and specifications, field investigations and surveys, cost estimates, engineering during construction, environmental monitoring, and project management. A 30.5% contingency was assigned to ACCOUNT 30.

CODE OF ACCOUNT 31 – CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT – This account includes supervision and administration of the contracts by construction management, hydrologic surveys during construction, environmental/coastal monitoring after construction, and contracting personnel during construction. A 30.5% contingency was assigned to ACCOUNT 31.

7. Table 1 shows the current project schedule following authorization of the project. The schedule assumes expeditious review and approval of the project through all steps, including authorization and funding, and as such is subject to change.

Activity	Date
Sign PPA	Jul 2018
Chiefs Report	Mar 2015
Complete Final Plans and Specs	FEB 2019
Award Construction Contract	May 2019
Begin Construction Battery Island	
widening -500,000 cy	Jun 2019
Complete Construction	Nov 2019
Maintenance Dredge 1 st cycle 30,000cy	Dec 2021
Maintenance Dredge 2nd cycle 24,000cy	Dec 2023

Table 1. Project schedule following authorization.

12 ACCT Navigation, Ports	& Harbors																											
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INITIAL NOURISHMENT \$400,000 OCT 13 w/ 30.56% conting \$522,000 \$11,045,000	S&A IPoint AUGUST : jency	2019																									SURVEYS TOTAL CC	= \$280,000

Title Page

MCACES-WHIP-JUNE-10-2014

WILMINGTON HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT - WHIP - CURRENT WORKING ESTIMATE (CWE) ----- OCTOBER 2013 PRICE LEVEL

Estimated by CESAW-TS-DE Designed by USACE - WILMINGTON DISTRICT Prepared by John C. Caldwell

Preparation Date6/10/2014Effective Date of Pricing10/1/2013Estimated Construction Time90 Days

Date Author Note

3/16/2014 CESAW-TS-DE New Project Notes - JUNE 10, 2014. See APPENDIX "F" for narrative with OCTOBER 2013 price level.

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Description

Project Notes	ii
Project Cost Summary Report	1
WILMINGTON HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT - WHIP	1
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30PLANNING, ENGINEERING & DESIGN	1
31S&A-CONST MGT & MONITORING	1
Contract Cost Summary Report	2
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12 NAVIGATION, PORTS & HARBORS	2
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30PLANNING, ENGINEERING & DESIGN	2
30_01 Construction Contracts Documnts	2
31S&A-CONST MGT & MONITORING	2
31_01 Construction Contracts	2

Project Cost Summary Report Page 1

Description	Quantity	UOM	ContractCost	Contingency	ProjectCost
Project Cost Summary Report			11,045,000	0	11,045,000
WILMINGTON HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT - WHIP	1	LS	11,045,000	0	11,045,000
12 NAVIGATION, PORTS & HARBORS	1	LS	10,090,000	0	10,090,000
30PLANNING, ENGINEERING & DESIGN	1	LS	555,000	0	555,000
31S&A-CONST MGT & MONITORING	1	LS	400,000	0	400,000

Contract Cost Summary Report Page 2

Description	Quantity	UOM	ContractCost	Contingency	ProjectCost
Contract Cost Summary Report			11,045,000	0	11,045,000
WILMINGTON HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT - WHIP	1.00	LS	11,045,000	0	11,045,000
12 NAVIGATION, PORTS & HARBORS	1.00	LS	10,090,000	0	10,090,000
12_01Battery Island Turn Widening	1.00	LS	10,090,000	0	10,090,000
30PLANNING, ENGINEERING & DESIGN	1.00	LS	555,000	0	555,000
30_01 Construction Contracts Documnts	1.00	LS	555,000	0	555,000
31S&A-CONST MGT & MONITORING	1.00	LS	400,000	0	400,000
31_01 Construction Contracts	1.00	LS	400,000	0	400,000

Abbreviated Risk Analysis

Project (less than \$40M): WILMINGTON HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT - WHIP Project Development Stage: Feasibility (Recommended Plan) Risk Category: Moderate Risk: Typical Project or Possible Life Safety

	Total Construction Contract Cost =	\$	10,090,000						
CWWBS	Feature of Work	<u>Contr</u>	act Cost		% Contingency	<u>\$</u>	Contingency		<u>Total</u>
01 LANDS AND DAMAGES	Real Estate	\$	-		0.00%	\$	-	\$	-
12 NAVIGATION, PORTS AND HARBORS	MOB-DEMOB	\$	3,750,000		28.08%	\$	1,053,088	\$	4,803,087.55
12 NAVIGATION, PORTS AND HARBORS	DREDGING	\$	6,000,000		35.55%	\$	2,132,894	\$	8,132,894.21
12 NAVIGATION, PORTS AND HARBORS	SURVEYS	\$	280,000		27.25%	\$	76,301	\$	356,301.29
2	Remaining Construction - BONDS	\$	60,000	0.6%	10.62%	\$	6,374	\$	66,374.24
3 30 PLANNING, ENGINEERING, AND DESIGN	Planning, Engineering, & Design	\$	555,000		12.82%	\$	71,128	\$	626,128.26
4 31 CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	Construction Management	\$	400,000		7.37%	\$	29,486	\$	429,485.76
	Totals Real Estate	¢			0.00%	¢		¢	
	Total Construction Estimate	ч \$	10,090,000		32.40%	\$	3,268,657	\$	13,358,657
	Total Planning, Engineering & Design	\$	555,000		12.82%	\$	71,128	\$	626,128
	Total Construction Management	\$	400,000		30.50%	\$	3.369.271	\$ \$	429,486
		•	,					•	, ,
	USIING 30.5% CONTINGENCY		\$11,045,000		30.50%		\$3,368,725		\$14,413,725
			\$11,045,000	á	30.56% after rounding		\$3,375,000		\$14,420,000 roun 1.30556813

Meeting Date: 25-Mar-14

Very Likely	2	3	4	5	5
Likely	1	2	3	4	5
Possible	0	1	2	3	4
Unlikely	0	0	1	2	3
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Negligible Marginal Significant Critical Crisis Risk Level

Feature of Work THRU TRUST CENTER) Concerns PDT Discussions & Conclusions Likelihood Impact Element (Choose ALL that apply) (Include logic & justification for choice of Likelihood & Impact) Likelihood Impact Level	Risk Element Feature of Work Concerns Pull Down Tab (ENABLE MACROS THRU TRUST CENTER) (Choose ALL that apply)	Concerns	PDT Discussions & Conclusions (Include logic & justification for choice of Likelihood & Impact)	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level
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Project Scope Growth

					Max Po	cential Cost Growth	75%
PS-1	MOB-DEMOB	Potential for scope growth, added features and quantities?	 Potential for scope growth, added features and quantities? Investigations sufficient to support design assumptions? Design confidence? 	Estimate assumes MOB-DEMOB pipeline-spider and barge to dispose in ODMDS. It's possible scope may change wherein variance in equipment may be needed but considering pipelline-spider and barge to ODMDS has the most equipment (including possible blasting) of any dredging method, any change to equipment would be marginal.	Possible	Marginal	1
PS-2	DREDGING	Potential for scope growth, added features and quantities?	Scope of estimate considers minimal rock, less than 1%, based on wash probe refusals and anticipated contours which could change. Estimated rock at this stage of development of less than 1% could change after additional geotechnical investigations.	Scope may change to have more rock after borings are completed. This could significantly change having to have a pipeline suction cutter dredge for rock with heavier ladder and cutterhead teeth losses. Estimated rock at this stage of development of less than 1% could change after additional geotechnical investigations.	Likely	Marginal	2
PS-3	SURVEYS	Potential for scope growth, added features and quantities?	More geotechnical evaluations and testing could be required if rock percentages become greater than 1% or formation of rock requires a rock dredge/blasting.	If surveys-investigations of Battery Island indicate there may be more rock, then there may be more testing of rock strength to provide information to bidders. This would cause a marginal increase in the cost for investigations.	Likely	Marginal	2
PS-12	Remaining Construction - BONDS	Potential for scope growth, added features and quantities?	Bond price would increase as a result of other cost increases.	Since bonds are a small percentage of overall costs the increase in bonds would be marginal.	Likely	Marginal	2
PS-13	Planning, Engineering, & Design	Potential for scope growth, added features and quantities?	More geotechnical evaluations and testing could be required if rock percentages become greater than 1% or formation of rock requires a rock dredge/blasting.	An increase in investigations for defining material/rock characteristics at Battery Island turn would also require additional labor /time to prepare engineering documents but should be marginal impact.	Possible	Marginal	1
PS-14	Construction Management	Potential for scope growth, added features and quantities?	Changes in scope for more rock removal may require additional Engineering/Covmnt review during construction reviews of Contractor's methods of removal.	Additional reviews are possible during construction if rock removal is required but will be marginal increase.	Possible	Marginal	1

Meeting Date: 25-Mar-14

Very Likely	2	3	4	5	5
Likely	1	2	3	4	5
Possible	0	1	2	3	4
Unlikely	0	0	1	2	3
	Negligible	Marginal	Significant	Critical	Crisis

Risk Level

Max Potential Cost Growth

Impact

Risk Level

30%

Risk Element	Feature of Work	Concerns Pull Down Tab (ENABLE MACROS THRU TRUST CENTER) (Choose ALL that apply)	Concerns	PDT Discussions & Conclusions (Include logic & justification for choice of Likelihood & Impact)	Like	ihood
Acquisitio	on Strategy					
						Ma
				Additional distances for mob-demob during times of limited bid competition		
				could be reduced if acquisition was scheduled early in dredging season.		
			Limited bid competition could cause mob-demob from distances further from	There are no environmental windows for pipeline suction cutterhead dredge		

AS-1	MOB-DEMOB	Limited bid competition anticipated?	Limited bid competition could cause mob-demob from distances further from Wilmington. • Limited bid competition anticipated?	could be reduced if acquisition was scheduled early in dredging season. There are no environmental windows for pipeline suction cutterhead dredge into barges and hauling to ODMDS for this area of the river. Cost changes should be marginal if acquisition is scheduled in timely manner.	Possible	Marginal	1
AS-2	DREDGING	Bid schedule developed to reduce quantity risks?	 Limited bid competition anticipated? There is always limited competition in dredging industry but advertising early for commitments to dredge can help improve pricing. Bid schedule developed to reduce quantity risks? Unit prices will be used to mitigate quantity risks. Unit price will be unclassified. 	Bidding schedule based on unit price for unclassified dredging should mitigate quantity variation risks. Any changes would be marginal.	Possible	Marginal	1
AS-3	SURVEYS	Contracting plan firmly established?	Surveys and geotechnical subsurface investigations for widening/deepening at Battery Island Turn are similar to past/historical contract acquisitions.	Distirct has had many acquisitions similar to WHIP subsurface investigations and dredging contracts. Any changes to increased scope for acquisition should be negligible for surveys.	Possible	Negligible	0
AS-12	Remaining Construction - BONDS	Contracting plan firmly established?	No concerns.	NONE	Unlikely	Marginal	0
AS-13	Planning, Engineering, & Design	Contracting plan firmly established?	No concerns for any acquisition changes effecting costs for PED.	NONE	Unlikely	Negligible	0
AS-14	Construction Management	Contracting plan firmly established?	No concerns for any acquisition changes effecting costs for Const Mgt.	NONE	Unlikely	Negligible	0

Concerns Pull Down Tab (ENABLE MACROS THRU TRUST CENTER)

(Choose ALL that apply)

Meeting Date: 25-Mar-14

Very Likely	2	3	4	5	5
Likely	1	2	3	4	5
Possible	0	1	2	3	4
Unlikely	0	0	1	2	3
	Negligible	Marginal	Significant	Critical	Crisis

Risk Level

Concerns	PDT Discussions & Conclusions (Include logic & justification for choice of Likelihood & Impact)	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level
		Max Bo	ontial Cost Growth	250/

Construction Element	S
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Feature of Work

Risk Element

		1			Max Po	tential Cost Growth	25%
CE-1	MOB-DEMOB	Unique construction methods?	Special equipment or subcontractors needed? Unique construction methods?	The need for special equipment has been considered by estimating pipeline - spider - haul material to ODMDS; however, changes could occur for more unique equipment such as heavier ladder and losses of cutterhead teeth with more rock quantity material. Changes should be marginal considering this also relates to changes in material in PS-1.	Likely	Marginal	2
CE-2	DREDGING	Potential for construction modification and claims?	Special equipment or subcontractors needed? Unique construction methods? Potential for construction modification and claims?	The need for special equipment has been considered by estimated pipeline - spider - haul material to ODMDS; however, changes could occur for more unique equipment such as heavier ladder and losses of cutterhead teeth with more rock quantity material. Changes should be marginal considering this also relates to changes in material in PS-2.	Likely	Marginal	2
CE-3	SURVEYS	Special equipment or subcontractors needed?	Special equipment or subcontractors needed?	Special equipment for rock boring investigations & surveys may be needed which also relates to PS-3 risks of scope growth already considered and would be considered marginal in relation to PS-3.	Likely	Marginal	2
CE-12	Remaining Construction - BONDS	Accelerated schedule or harsh weather schedule?	No concerns.	NONE	Unlikely	Negligible	0
CE-13	Planning, Engineering, & Design	Unique construction methods?	Unique construction methods?	Consideration of unique or special equipment for rock boring investigations & surveys may require a marginal increase in PED preparation for plans and specs for bidding.	Likely	Marginal	2
CE-14	Construction Management	Accelerated schedule or harsh weather schedule?	No concerns.	NONE	Unlikely	Negligible	0

Meeting Date: 25-Mar-14



Crisis

Risk Element	Feature of Work	Concerns Pull Down Tab (ENABLE MACROS THRU TRUST CENTER) (Choose ALL that apply)	Concerns	PDT Discussions & Conclusions (Include logic & justification for choice of Likelihood & Impact)	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level
Quantit	es for Current Scope						
	•	-			Max Pot	tential Cost Growth	20%
Q-1	MOB-DEMOB	Level of confidence based on design and assumptions?	 Appropriate methods applied to calculate quantities? Sufficient investigations to develop quantities? Level of confidence based on design and assumptions? 	Changes in quantities could change MOB-DEMOB costs by some negligble amount if some different speical equipment were needed but not anticipated considering this was also idenfified in PS-1.	Likely	Negligible	1
Q-2	DREDGING	Level of confidence based on design and assumptions?	 Sufficient investigations to develop quantities? Appropriate methods applied to calculate quantities? Level of confidence based on design and assumptions? 	Variations in quantities because of shoaling can always occur for channels, but not necessarily for NEW WORK material removal. The change of material type or quantity of rock could be significant after final investigations. This anticipation of risk has also been covered under PS-2	Likely	Significant	3
Q-3	SURVEYS	Level of confidence based on design and assumptions?	 Sufficient investigations to develop quantities? Appropriate methods applied to calculate quantities? Level of confidence based on design and assumptions? 	Because of similar projects in the Cape Fear River, there is a better than average confidence level that investigations to date and method of determining quantities are better than average. Based on similar historic projects, there is a negligible risk that costs for survey/investigations will vary quantity changes under PS-3.	Likely	Negligible	1
Q-12	Remaining Construction - BONDS	Level of confidence based on design and assumptions?	NO CONCERNS	NONE	Possible	Negligible	0
Q-13	Planning, Engineering, & Design	Appropriate methods applied to calculate quantities?	Appropriate methods applied to calculate quantities?	Because of similar projects in the Cape Fear River, there is a better than average confidence level that investigations to date and method of determining quantities are better than average. Based on similar historic projects, there is a negligible risk that costs for PED will vary with quantity changes.	Likely	Negligible	1
Q-14	Construction Management	Level of confidence based on design and assumptions?	NO CONCERNS	NONE	Unlikely	Nealiaible	0

Meeting Date: 25-Mar-14

Very Likely	2	3	4	5	5
Likely	1	2	3	4	5
Possible	0	1	2	3	4
Unlikely	0	0	1	2	3
	Negligible	Marginal	Significant	Critical	Crisis

Risk Element	Feature of Work	Concerns Pull Down Tab (ENABLE MACROS THRU TRUST CENTER) (Choose ALL that apply)	Concerns	PDT Discussions & Conclusions (Include logic & justification for choice of Likelihood & Impact)	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level			
Specialt	pecialty Fabrication or Equipment									
		1			Max Po	tential Cost Growth	75%			
FE-1	MOB-DEMOB	Unusual parts, material or equipment manufactured or installed?	N-A		Unlikely	Negligible	0			
FE-2	DREDGING	Confidence in suppliers' ability?	N-A		Possible	Negligible	0			
FE-3	SURVEYS	Unusual parts, material or equipment manufactured or installed?	N-A		Unlikely	Negligible	0			
FE-12	Remaining Construction - BONDS	Unusual parts, material or equipment manufactured or installed?	N-A		Unlikely	Negligible	0			
FE-13	Planning, Engineering, & Design	Unusual parts, material or equipment manufactured or installed?	N-A		Unlikely	Negligible	0			
FE-14	Construction Management	Unusual parts, material or equipment manufactured or installed?	N-A		Unlikely	Negligible	0			

Meeting Date: 25-Mar-14



Crisis

Risk Element	Feature of Work	Concerns Pull Down Tab (ENABLE MACROS THRU TRUST CENTER) (Choose ALL that apply)	Concerns	PDT Discussions & Conclusions (Include logic & justification for choice of Likelihood & Impact)	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level
Cost Est	timate Assumptions						
	-	-			Max Po	tential Cost Growth	35%
CT-1	MOB-DEMOB	Assumptions regarding crew, productivity, overtime?	 Assumptions regarding crew, productivity, overtime? Site accessibility, transport delays, congestion? Assumptions related to prime and subcontractor markups/assignments? 	There is good-reasonable historical info to support crew, production, effective working time for deepening/widening projects in the Wilmington Harbor with and without rock quantities. Variations based on cost estimate assumptions for MOB-DEMOB should be marginal risk when also considering other risks were also identified in PS-1, CE-1, & Q-1	Likely	Marginal	2
CT-2	DREDGING	Assumptions regarding crew, productivity, overtime?	 Assumptions regarding crew, productivity, overtime? Site accessibility, transport delays, congestion? Assumptions related to prime and subcontractor markups/assignments? 	There is good-reasonable historical info to support crew, production, effective working time for deepening/widening projects in the Wilmington Harbor with and without rock quantities. Variations based on cost estimate assumptions for dredging should be marginal risk when also considering other risks were also identified in PS-2, CE-2, & Q-2	Likely	Marginal	2
CT-3	SURVEYS	Assumptions regarding crew, productivity, overtime?	Assumptions regarding crew, productivity, overtime? Site accessibility, transport delays, congestion? Assumptions related to prime and subcontractor markups/assignments?	There is good-reasonable historical info to support crew, production, effective working time for deepening/widening projects in the Wilmington Harbor with and without rock quantities. Variations based on cost estimate assumptions for MOB-DEMOB should be negligble risk when also considering other risks were also identified in PS-3, CE-3, & Q-3	Likely	Negligible	1
CT-12	Remaining Construction - BONDS	Assumptions regarding crew, productivity, overtime?	NO CONCERNS	NONE	Unlikely	Negligible	0
CT-13	Planning, Engineering, & Design	Assumptions regarding crew, productivity, overtime?	NO CONCERNS	NONE	Unlikely	Negligible	0
CT-14	Construction Management	Assumptions regarding crew, productivity, overtime?	NO CONCERNS	NONE	Unlikely	Negligible	0

Meeting Date: 25-Mar-14

Very Likely Likely 1 2 3 Possible Unlikely 0 1 2 3 0 3

0 0 1 2 Negligible Marginal Significant Critical Crisis

Risk Element	Feature of Work	Concerns Pull Down Tab (ENABLE MACROS THRU TRUST CENTER) (Choose ALL that apply)	Concerns	PDT Discussions & Conclusions (Include logic & justification for choice of Likelihood & Impact)	Likelihood	Impact	Risk Level
External	Project Risks						
		1			Max Po	tential Cost Growth	40%
EX-1	MOB-DEMOB	Unanticipated inflations in fuel, key materials?	 Potential for market volatility impacting competition, pricing? Unanticipated inflations in fuel, key materials? 	Historical increases of fuel over the last 10 years has been approximately 10% per year but has leveled off somewhat over the last 2 years. Even still the volatitity of fuel and competition is the greatest impact to risk and could be significant for dredging MOB-DEMOB increases.	Likely	Significant	3
EX-2	DREDGING	Potential for market volatility impacting competition, pricing?	Unanticipated inflations in fuel, key materials? Potential for market volatility impacting competition, pricing?	Historical increases of fuel over the last 10 years has been approximately 10% per year but has leveled off somewhat over the last 2 years. Even still the volatility of fuel and competition is the greatest impact to risk and could be significant for dredging unit price increases.	Likely	Significant	3
EX-3	SURVEYS	Unanticipated inflations in fuel, key materials?	Unanticipated inflations in fuel, key materials? Potential for market volatility impacting competition, pricing?	Historical increases of fuel over the last 10 years has been approximately 10% per year but has leveled off somewhat over the last 2 years. Even still the volatitility of fuel and competition is the greatest impact to risk and could be significant for increases to overall project surveys/investigations.	Likely	Significant	3
EX-12	Remaining Construction - BONDS	Potential for severe adverse weather?	NO CONCERNS	NONE	Unlikely	Negligible	0
EX-13	Planning, Engineering, & Design	Potential for severe adverse weather?	NO CONCERNS	NONE	Unlikely	Negligible	0
EX-14	Construction Management	Potential for severe adverse weather?	NO CONCERNS	NONE	Unlikely	Negligible	0

Abbreviated Risk Analysis

WILMINGTON HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT -Feasibility (Recommended Plan)

3/25/2014 and 5/20/2014 Meeting Date:

PDT Members Note: PDT involvement is commensurate with project size and involvement.

Project Management:	CHRIS MOORE
Planner:	TOMMA BARNES
Study Manager:	NAME
Contracting:	DANNY KISSAM
Real Estate:	N-A
Environmental:	FRANK YELVERTON
Cultural Resources:	JOHN MAYER
Engineering & Design:	LEE DANLEY
Technical Lead:	JIMMY HARGROVE
Geotech:	ZACHRY NICHOLS
Hydrology/Coastal:	DOUG WALL
Civil:	N-A
Structural:	N-A
Mechanical:	N-A
Electrical:	N-A
Cost Engineering:	JOHN CALDWELL
Construction:	DENNIS LYNCH
Operations:	NAME
Economics:	Julie McGuire

**** TOTAL PROJECT COST SUMMARY ****

PROJECT: WILMINGTON HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT - WHIP PROJECT NO: P2 - 138564 LOCATION: NEW HANOVER & BRUNSWICK COUNTIES, N. CAROLINA DISTRICT: CESAW WILMINGTON DISTRICPREPARED: 6/10/2014 POC: CHIEF, COST ENGINEERING, Lee Danley, PE

This Estimate reflects the scope and schedule in report; WHIP STUDY REPORT - JUNE 2014

Civil Works Work Breakdown Structure			ESTIMATE	D COST				PROJE0 (Consta	CT FIRST COS	GT is)			TOTAL PF (FULL)	ROJECT CO Y FUNDED)	ST
							Proç Eff	gram Year (E ective Price	Budget EC): Level Date:	2015 1 OCT 14 Spent Thru:	TOTAL				
WBS <u>NUMBER</u> A	Civil Works <u>Feature & Sub-Feature Description</u> B	COST <u>(\$K)</u> C	CNTG _(\$K)	CNTG _(%) <i>E</i>	TOTAL _ <u>(\$K)_</u> <i>F</i>	ESC _(%)	COST <u>(\$K)</u> <i>H</i>	CNTG _(\$K)/	TOTAL _ <u>(\$K)</u> 	10/1/2013 (\$K)	COST (\$K)	ESC _(%)	COST <u>(\$K)</u> <i>M</i>	CNTG <u>(\$K)</u> N	FULL _ <u>(\$K)</u> O
12	NAVIGATION PORTS & HARBORS	\$10,090	\$3,084	31%	\$13,174	1.6%	\$10,247	\$3,131	\$13,378	\$0	\$13,378	9.7%	\$11,241	\$3,435	\$14,676
	CONSTRUCTION ESTIMATE TOTALS:	\$10,090	\$3,084	-	\$13,174	1.6%	\$10,247	\$3,131	\$13,378	\$0	\$13,378	9.7%	\$11,241	\$3,435	\$14,676
01	LANDS AND DAMAGES	\$0	\$0 ·	-	\$0	-	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	\$0	\$0	\$0
30	PLANNING, ENGINEERING & DESIGN	\$555	\$170	31%	\$725	2.2%	\$567	\$173	\$740	\$0	\$740	18.3%	\$671	\$205	\$876
31	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	\$400	\$122	31%	\$522	2.2%	\$409	\$125	\$534	\$0	\$534	19.5%	\$488	\$149	\$637
	PROJECT COST TOTALS:	\$11,045	\$3,375	31%	\$14,420		\$11,223	\$3,430	\$14,652	\$0	\$14,652	10.5%	\$12,400	\$3,789	\$16,189

 CHIEF, COST ENGINEERING, Lee Danley, PE
 PROJECT MANAGER, Bob Keistler
 CHIEF, REAL ESTATE, Ralph Werthmann SAS
 CHIEF, PLANNING, Elden Gatwood
 CHIEF, ENGINEERING, Greg Williams, PE
 CHIEF, OPERATIONS, Bob Sattin, PE
 CHIEF, CONSTRUCTION, Dennis Lynch, PE
 CHIEF, CONTRACTING, Jon Mayo
 CHIEF, PM-PB, Sam Colella
 CHIEF, DPM, Christine Brayman

ESTIMATED FEDERAL COST:	75%	\$12,142
ESTIMATED NON-FEDERAL COST:	25%	\$4,047

ESTIMATED TOTAL PROJECT COST: \$16,189

**** TOTAL PROJECT COST SUMMARY ****

**** CONTRACT COST SUMMARY ****

 PROJECT:
 WILMINGTON HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT - WHIP

 LOCATION:
 NEW HANOVER & BRUNSWICK COUNTIES, N. CAROLINA

 This Estimate reflects the scope and schedule in report;
 WHIP STUDY REPORT - JUNE 2014

DISTRICT: CESAW WILMINGTON DISTRICT PREPARED: 6/10/2014 POC: CHIEF, COST ENGINEERING, Lee Danley, PE

Civ	ESTIMATED COST				PROJECT FIRST COST (Constant Dollar Basis)			TOTAL PROJECT COST (FULLY FUNDED)						
WBS <u>NUMBER</u> A	Civil Works <u>Feature & Sub-Feature Descriptior</u> B	Estin Effect COST <u>(\$K)</u> C	nate Prepare ive Price Lev R CNTG (\$K) D	d: /el: ISK BASED CNTG <u>(%)</u> E	6/10/2014 10/1/2013 TOTAL 	Progran Effectiv ESC <u>(%)</u> G	n Year (Bud ve Price Lev COST <u>(\$K)</u> <i>H</i>	get EC): el Date: CNTG (\$K) I	2015 1 OCT 14 TOTAL 	Mid-Point <u>Date</u> P	ESC _(%) _L	COST _(\$K)	CNTG _(\$K) 	FULL (\$K) 0
12	NAVIGATION PORTS & HARBORS IMPROVEMENTS AT BATTERY ISLAND TUR	\$10,090 N	\$3,084	31%	\$13,174	1.6%	\$10,247 \$0	\$3,131	\$13,378	2019Q4	9.7%	\$11,241	\$3,435	\$14,676
	CONSTRUCTION ESTIMATE TOTALS:	\$10,090	\$3,084	31%	\$13,174		\$10,247	\$3,131	\$13,378			\$11,241	\$3,435	\$14,676
01	LANDS AND DAMAGES	\$0	\$0	0%	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	0	0.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0
30	PLANNING, ENGINEERING & DESIGN Project Management	\$555	\$170	31%	\$725	2.2%	\$567	\$173	\$740	2019Q3	18.3%	\$671	\$205	\$876
31	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT Construction Management	\$400	\$122	31%	\$522	2.2%	\$409	\$125	\$534	2019Q4	19.5%	\$488	\$149	\$637
	CONTRACT COST TOTALS:	\$11,045	\$3,375		\$14,420		\$11,223	\$3,430	\$14,652			\$12,400	\$3,789	\$16,189